# MATH 307: Problem Set #1

Due on: Oct 3, 2014

#### **Problem 1** First Order Linear Equations

For each of the following equations:

- (i) Use a computer to graph the slope field of the differential equation.\*Include a printout of your graph with your homework\*
- (ii) Based on inspection of the direction field, describe how you expect solutions to behave for large values of t
- (iii) Find the general solution to the equation and use it to determine how the solution behaves as  $t \to \infty$ .
- (a)  $y' 2y = t^2 e^{2t}$
- (b)  $ty' + 2y = \sin(t)$ , for t > 0
- (c)  $ty' y = t^2 e^{-t}$ , for t > 0

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#### **Problem 2** First Order Linear Initial Value Problems

Use the method of integrating factors to find a solution to each of the given initial value problems

- (a)  $y' + 2y = te^{-2t}, y(1) = 0$
- (b)  $y' + 2y/t = \frac{1}{t^2}\cos(t), \ y(\pi) = 0$
- (c)  $ty' + 2y = \sin(t), y(\pi/2) = 1$
- (d)  $t^3y' + 4t^2y = e^{-t}, y(-1) = 0$

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### **Problem 3** Variation of Parameters

Use variation of parameters to find the general solution of the given differential equation

(a)  $y' + y/t = 3\cos(2t)$ (b)  $2y' + y = 3t^2$ 

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#### **Problem 4** Separable Equations

In each of the following, find a family of solutions parametrized by a constant

(a)  $y' = \frac{x^2}{y(1+x^3)}$ (b)  $y' + y^2 \sin(x) = 0$ (c)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x - e^{-x}}{y + e^y}$ (d)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x^2}{1+y^2}$ 

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## Problem 5 Separable Initial Value Problems

For each of the following initial value problems

- (i) Solve the initial value problem
- (ii) Using a computer, graph the solution\*Attach a printout of your graph to your homework\*
- (iii) Determine as accurately as you can the interval in which the solution is defined
- (a)  $xdx + ye^{-x}dy = 0, y(0) = 1$
- (b)  $y' = \frac{3x^2 e^x}{2y 5}, y(0) = 1$

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#### **Problem 6** Homogeneous Equations

For each of the following, show that the equation is homogeneous. Then find a family of solutions differing by a constant

(a) 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3y^2 - x^2}{2xy}$$
  
(b) 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{4x + 3y}{2x + y}$$

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