# MATH 309: Homework #3

Due on: November 9, 2015

#### Problem 1 Boundary Value Problems

For each of the following boundary value problems, find all solutions to the boundary value problem or show that no solution exists.

- (a)  $y'' + y = 0, y(0) = 0, y'(\pi) = 1$
- (b) y'' + y = 0, y(0) = 0, y(L) = 0
- (c) y'' + y = x, y(0) = 0,  $y(\pi) = 0$

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#### **Problem 2** Dirichlet Eigenvalue Problem

Determine for which values of  $\lambda$  the boundary value problem

 $y'' + \lambda y = 0, \ y(0) = 0, \ y(L) = 0,$ 

has a solution and describe the solutions.

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Problem 3 von Neumann Eigenvalue Problem

Determine for which values of  $\lambda$  the boundary value problem

$$y'' + \lambda y = 0, y'(0) = 0, y'(L) = 0,$$

has a solution and describe the solutions.

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## Problem 4 Fourier Series

For each of the following functions, sketch a graph of the function and find the Fourier series

(a) 
$$f(x) = \sin^3(x) + \cos^2(2x+3)$$
  
(b)  $f(x) = -x, \ -L \le x < L$  with  $f(x+2L) = f(x)$  for all  $x$   
(c)  $f(x) =\begin{cases} x+1, \ -\pi \le x < 0\\ 1-x, \ 0 \le x < \pi \end{cases}$  with  $f(x+2\pi) = f(x)$  for all  $x$   
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## Problem 5 Parseval's Identity

Let f(x) be a periodic function with fundamental period 2L, and suppose that

$$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[ a_n \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) + b_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) \right]$$

Using the fact that

$$\left\{\frac{1}{2}, \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right), \sin\left(\frac{m\pi x}{L}\right): n = 0, 1, 2, \dots, m = 1, 2, 3, \dots\right\}$$

is a mutually orthogonal set of functions, prove Parseval's identity:

$$\frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^{L} f(x)^2 dx = \frac{a_0^2}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n^2 + b_n^2).$$

## Problem 6 Parseval's Identity Application

Use Parseval's identity and the Fourier series for the square wave function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & -1 \le x < 0\\ 1, & 0 \le x < 1 \end{cases}, \text{ with } f(x+2) = f(x) \text{ for all } x \end{cases}$$

to obtain the value of the infinite sum

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^2}$$